

## **Human Rights Violations in Turkey by Numbers: Purge**

- Based on monitoring government decrees and other reports from official sources, by the end of August 2017, Turkey Purge reported 146,674 dismissals and 124,698 detained individuals.[1]
- By the end of April 2017 TurkeyPurge has reported 138,147 dismissals, mainly through monitoring government decrees and other reports from official sources.[2]
- Last updated on March 18, 2017, the information contained in the website showed that 80,482 individuals were in pre-trial detention and 108,734 were convicted. That information, even though now outdated, shows a considerable increase compared to figures posted on the website exactly a year ago, on March 18, 2016, when 26,257 people were in pre-trial detention and 141,739 were convicted. [3]
- In August 2016, acting under powers granted by the state of emergency authorities announced plans to release up to 38,000 prisoners (roughly one in five in Turkish prisons) of convicted criminals to make room for the wave of journalists, teachers, lawyers, civil servants and judges detained after the coup attempt. It appears that the government's amnesty for convicted felons reduced the number of convicts in jail from 141,739 a year ago to 108,734 on the day the Justice Ministry stopped reporting.[4]
- More than 100,000 public sector employees dismissed under the decrees.[5]
- In the weeks following the failed putsch, tens of thousands of soldiers, police officers, judges, prosecutors, academics, teachers, and other civil servants with suspected ties to the Gülen movement were dismissed from their jobs, and at time of publication over 37,000 had been formally arrested.[6]
- Since the failed coup attempt, the police have detained more than 40,000 soldiers, officers, policemen, judges, prosecutors, teachers and others.[7]
- By late September, Turkey's Justice Minister announced that around 32,000 people had been jailed pending investigation and criminal investigations were underway in relation to 70,000.[8]
- Around 41,000 civil servants and public officials were permanently discharged from their jobs. (By September 1, 2016)[9]
- In addition,4,235 employees of the Ministry of Justice and 276 employees of the Council of State have also been permanently dismissed from their positions and their assets were frozen.[10]

- More than 33,000 are teachers and other employees of the Ministry of Education, more than 24,000 are police officers and other employees of the Ministry of Interior, more than 8,000 are members of the armed forces, more than 6,000 are doctors and other employees of the Ministry of Health, more than 5,000 are academics and other higher education employees, more than 4,000 are judges, prosecutors and other employees of the Ministry of Justice and more than 3,000 are employees of the office of the Prime Minister and connected institutions.[11]
- Official figures show that in the past year well over 150,000 people have passed through police custody accused of terrorist offenses, membership of armed groups, or involvement in the attempted coup in July 2016.[12]
- A May 2017 report by Amnesty International found that "the dismissal of more than 100,000 Turkish public-sector workers [was] arbitrary and has had a catastrophic impact on their lives and livelihoods.[13]

- [1] Journalists and Writers Foundation Reports, The State of Turkey's Children: Victims of Unlawfulness (October 2017), p.18, para.1
- [2] Journalists and Writers Foundation Reports, Women's Rights Under Attack in Turkey (May 2017), p.32, para.4
- [3] Journalists and Writers Foundation Reports, Women's Rights Under Attack in Turkey (May 2017), p.42, para.3
- [4] Journalists and Writers Foundation Reports, Women's Rights Under Attack in Turkey (May 2017), p.43, para.2
- [5] Human Rights Watch Reports, Silencing Turkey's Media: The Government's Deepening Assault on Critical Journalism (December 2016), p.20, para.4
- [6] Human Rights Watch Reports, A Blank Check: Turkey's Post-Coup Suspension of Safeguards Against Torture (October 2016), p.8, para.3
- [7] Human Rights Watch Reports, A Blank Check: Turkey's Post-Coup Suspension of Safeguards Against Torture (October 2016), p.17, para.4
- [8] Human Rights Watch Reports, A Blank Check: Turkey's Post-Coup Suspension of Safeguards Against Torture (October 2016), p.17, para.5
- [9] Journalists and Writers Foundation Reports, Women's Rights Under Attack in Turkey (May 2017), p.19, para.1
- [10] Amnesty International Reports, Turkey: no end in sight: purged public sector workers denied a future in Turkey (May 2017), p.6, para.3
- [11] Human Rights Watch Reports, In Custody: Police Torture and Abductions in Turkey (October 2017), p.7, para.4
- [12] Journalists and Writers Foundation Reports, The State of Turkey's Children: Victims of Unlawfulness (October 2017), p.15, para.4